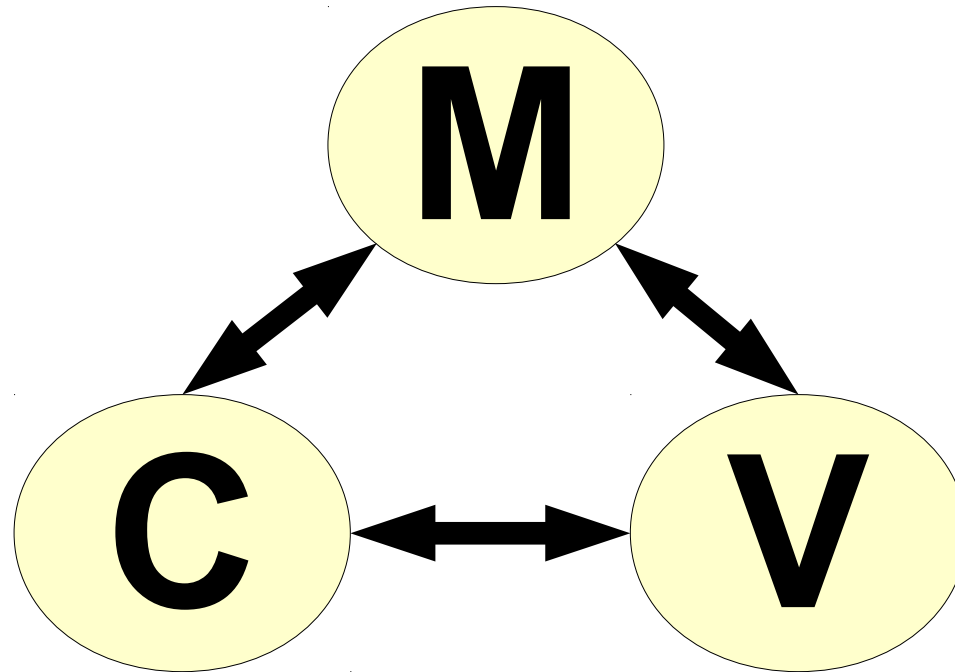


MVC in XPages

Model – View – Controller



A presentation for DanNotes

by John Dalsgaard

Me

- Worked with Notes since 1995 version 4.5
- Java since Notes 5.0.7 (awfull Java implementation – version 1.1!!!)
- Large web-apps. (40.000+ users)
- Object Oriented approach since 1999 (yes, in LotusScript...)
- Now: XPages & mobile apps....
- Certified Principal/advanced administrator and developer – all versions 4.6 → 8.5



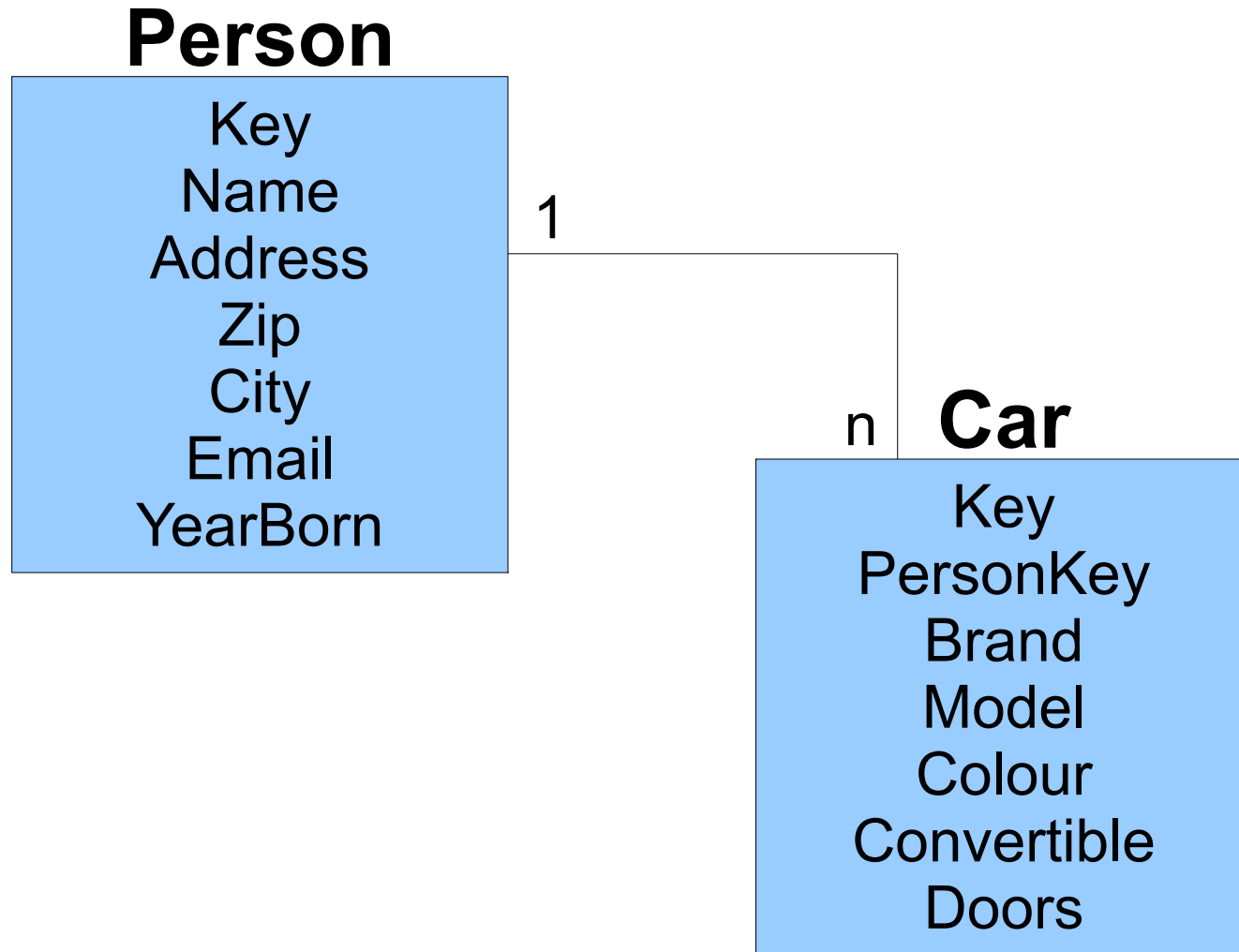
Agenda

- Demo: What is this all about?
- What is MVC
 - Data model: Data bean & DAO
 - Service layer: CRUD/Facade
 - View layer: View bean
- Why would you want to use MVC
- What to do in Domino
 - Data structure
 - Challenges...
- A word about the Demo app.

Demo

- Simple example
- Isolate data access (DAO + interface)
- Validation in model (service layer)
- Binding to Java beans through Expression Language
- Separate Model from View → Easy to add new "view" component
 - XPage
 - JSON Webservice

Demo – Data model



DEMO TIME

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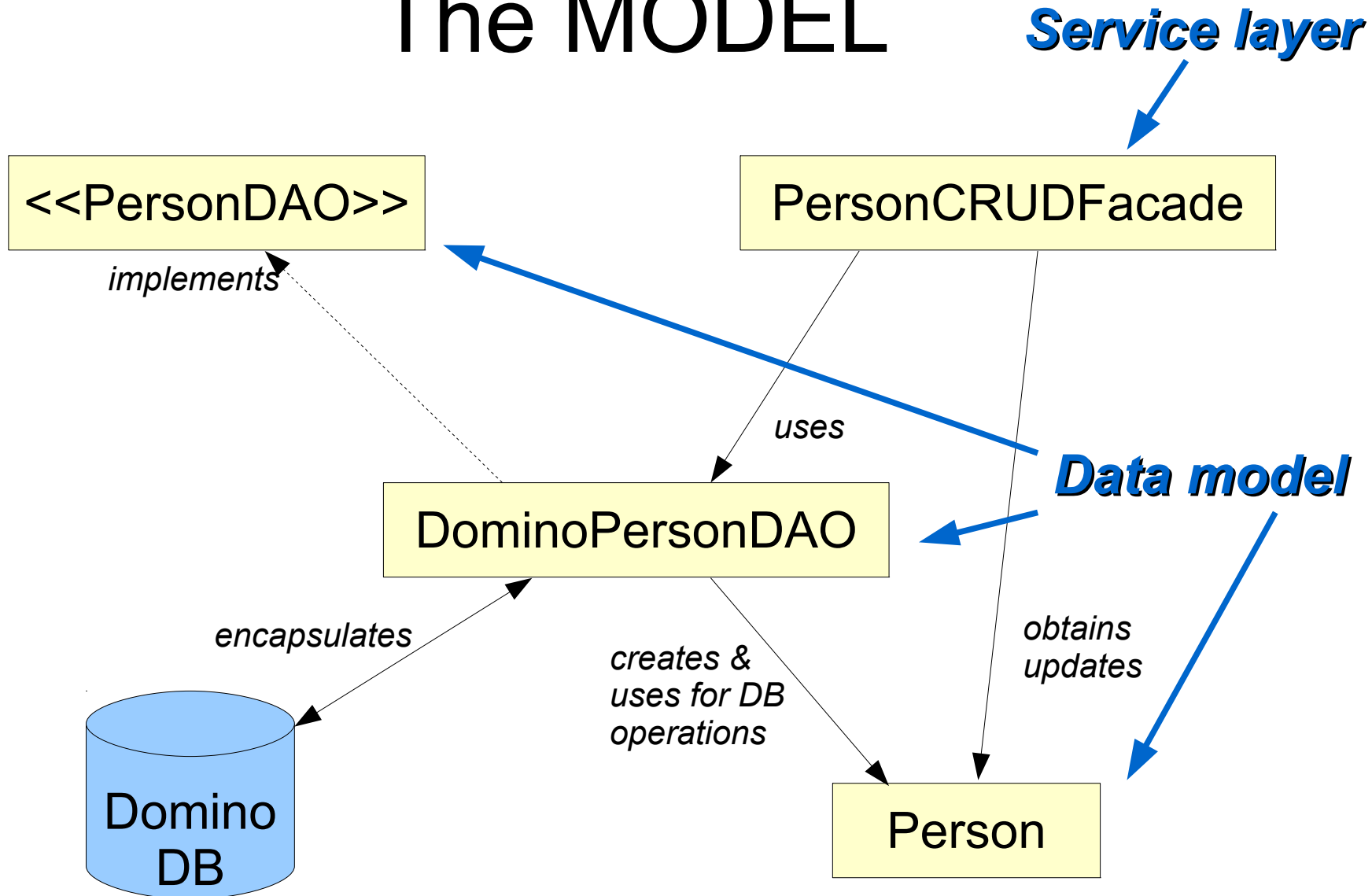
What is MVC

- A "design pattern"
 - Very good practice for the task at hand
- Separation of the tasks:
 - **Model**: Business rules, data model and data manipulation
 - **Viewer**: Presentation of data
 - **Controller**: Flow in application

MVC - Model

- Java objects that implement:
 - Data model
 - Contain data
 - Manipulate data from the database
 - Specific database implementation
 - CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)
 - Service layer
 - Implement business rules
 - Validation
 - Combine data (e.g. number of years employed based on hire date)

The MODEL



Data model

- Is the only layer that knows the physical details of data access (documents, views, etc.)
- Consists of:
 - Data bean
 - all fields – with getter/setters – no logic
 - DAO (Data Access Objects)
 - Interface used by service layer
 - Defines all methods/operations
 - Implementation of interface
 - All handling of underlying database (e.g. recycle...)
 - Implements necessary base functions for CRUD

Service layer

- This is where the business logic of the application lives
 - Workflows
 - Validations
 - Searches
 - Etc.
- Connects to the DAO implementation through its interface
 - Not relying on the implementation and the underlying database "dialect" (e.g. Domino)

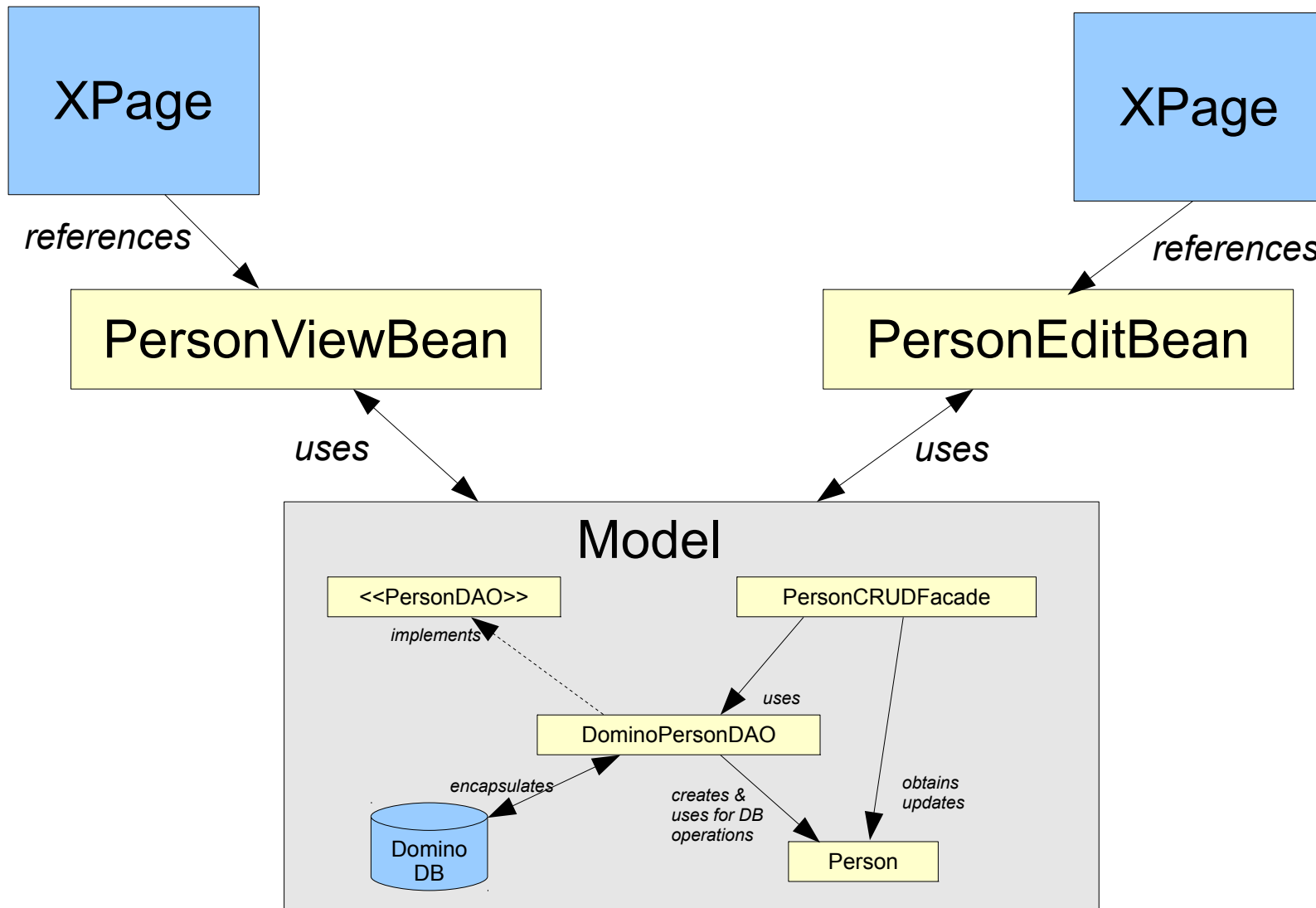
Service layer

- Do **not** duplicate Domino "techniques" from the old days
 - Eg. Invoice with invoice lines
 - We have seen the pattern: line_1, line_2, line_3 in traditional Notes applications
 - Fixed number of "relations"
 - Create two data objects and (DAO's etc.)
 - Invoice
 - InvoiceLine
 - Hide implementation details from the service layer

MVC - View

- Java objects for presentation that
 - Are used by the XPage
 - Often one-to-one between XPages and view Beans
 - XPage talk to the view Bean – and never to the underlying database (it doesn't know it exists!)
 - Typically defined to the XPages via faces-config.xml

The VIEW



View Layer

- View Bean
 - Implements all the methods that the "client" sees
 - Talks to the service layer
 - E.g. through a saveUser() method that does validation and throws a validation error to the bean if data is not valid
 - Handles UI "things", e.g. showing validation errors reported by the service layer
 - E.g. by connecting the validation errors from the service layer to the corresponding components on the XPage

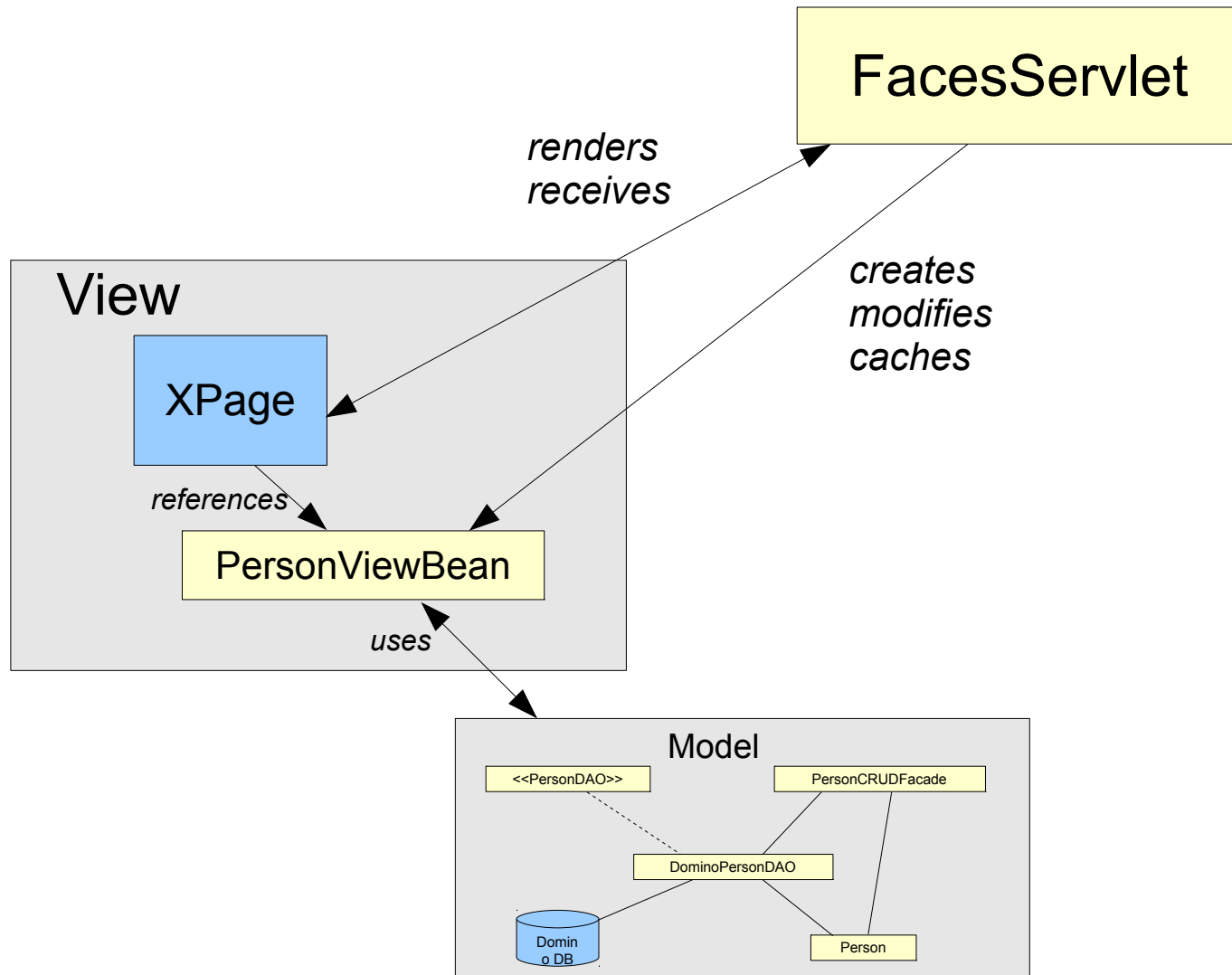
View Layer

- XPage
 - Access the View Bean through the scopes
 - Define the bean in faces-config.xml
 - ... or create instance on load of page
 - Access properties and methods through
 - EL: e.g. `UserBean.user.name`
 - SSJS: e.g. `UserBean.user.getName()`
 - Call a "save" method on submit, e.g. a button with SSJS: `UserBean.user.saveUser()`

MVC - Controller

- This is the FacesServlet in XPages
 - You do **NOT** code the controller...!!!
 - It handles:
 - Flow of incoming requests
 - Data streams
 - Interacts with the view layer for us
- If you **do** want to change behaviour in the controller?
 - You need to understand the JSF LifeCycle
 - Use a PhaseListener

The CONTROLLER



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Why use MVC?

- Avoid data-duplication (in responses)...!!!
- Avoid successive lookups
 - Use Java objects in memory
- Enable several "clients" using same model, e.g.
 - Browsers (XPages)
 - Mobile browsers (jQuery Mobile)
 - Mobile apps (JSON webservice)
- Independent of database architecture
 - Possible to change to another DBMS
 - Enable isolated optimizations (e.g. change to use org.openntf.domino API)

Why use MVC?

- Unit test...
 - The structure allows us to test our code at all "Model" levels:
 - Data bean
 - DAO implementation
 - CRUD/Facade bean
 - This allows easy re-test of all code after we have modified it
 - BETTER code...!!!!

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MVC in Domino

- First important fact:
 - An NSF is **NOT** a relational database
 - However, we can emulate that in the service layer and treat it as such
 - In the DAO we can use some of the characteristics of the NSF (e.g. response documents) – especially in relation to existing applications
 - You should create Java objects to emulate the parent/child relations no matter what the underlying "technique" is. Let the DAO handle the implementation...

MVC in Domino

- Data duplication (from parent to child doc.) can be avoided...!!
 - ...by using your parent/child structure in the Java objects
- You will (most likely) not use any datasources in your XPages – but refer to beans instead

MVC in Domino

- Validation and error messages
 - Choose to disable client side validation
 - Will show error messages next to the fields
 - Let the service layer bean validate data on submission
 - Capture all error messages with a field reference (e.g. in a HashMap)
 - Throw a validation error if not valid
 - If view bean gets a validation error on save...
 - Read all errors (through a getter)
 - Iterate and "bind" errors to all fields (through a FacesMessage)

MVC in Domino

- Security
 - Readers/authors fields
 - Very strong feature (compared to RDBMS's)
 - Should **reflect** and **enforce** chosen security model – **not** be used for data retrieval etc. – due to performance impact
 - But this is not really different from what you should have been doing always...
 - These mechanisms should be implemented in the DAO
 - Also includes other system fields like \$PublicAccess etc.

MVC in Domino

- Beware:
 - Using Scoped beans you may need to "Clean" your project for changes to be effective....
 - Use "LogReader" (by Majkilde – download from openntf.org) to see messages in error-log-0.xml (!!)
 - Sometimes "System.out.println" *can* be your friend in locating errors... ;-)

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Demo database

- Demo database available:
 - Bitbucket: https://bitbucket.org/john_dalsgaard/demo-apps.git
- To set up:
 - Clone this project to your local source control
 - Open the cloned project as a new Java Project in Domino Designer
 - From the Package Explorer view
 - Select Team Development and then Associate with a new NSF...
 - Create the database on a server (9.0+) and you are ready to explore the database

Demo database - EXTRAS

- Caching....
 - In the service layer we have implemented caching of ALL dataobjects in memory
 - Runs FAST
 - Need to remember to update memory object when updating the DB – but it is not difficult!
- Neat way of entering several rows
 - ... and handling cursor position (!!)
- Debug info written to console in lots of places
 - Phase listener shows in what phase these messages are generated

Demo database - EXTRAS

- Uses org.openntf.domino API
 - You need to install the org.openntf.domino.jar in your jvm/lib/ext directory.
 - Download from openntf.org
- Validation:
 - Implemented in the service layer. Note method to place errors against right fields using FacesMessage

Questions?



- or contact one of "Gang of Four":
 - Jakob Majkilde: majkilde.dk
 - Per Henrik Lausten: phl-consult.dk
 - John Dalsgaard: www.dalsgaard-data.dk
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Sources

- Great articles from Pipalia:
 - Using JSF Framework Development Standards for your XPages Project
 - [Article 1](#) - The concept and motivation...
 - [Article 2](#) - Designing for MVC
 - [Article 3](#) - The DAO
 - [Article 4](#) - The CRUD (Facade)
 - [Article 5](#) - The Bean...
 - [Demo database](#)

Sources

- Validators....
 - Pipalia: [Using beans as validators](#)
 - Stack overflow: [Answer by Sven Hasselbach](#)
 - Stack overflow: [getComponent\(\)](#)
- XPages & DB2
 - Example of [alternate DAO using DB2](#)